# 82 300/100 ED





#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

# RPCE2 Y ext X ext supplied to the solenoid. valve performance (see par. 12). ..... 35 l/min. F ш RPCE2-\*-T3 Y ext X ext operates on the compensator pilot. pressure drop. Х U Е Т

# **RPCE2-**\* PILOT OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE WITH ELECTRIC **PROPORTIONAL CONTROL SERIES 51**

RPCE2 two-way **RPCE2-\*-T3** three-way

## SUBPLATE MOUNTING

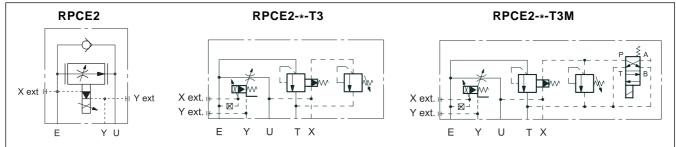
CETOP 06

p max 250 bar

**Q** max (see specification table)

- RPCE2-\* valves are two-way or three-way flow control valves with pressure and thermal compensation and electric proportional control with mounting interface in compliance with CETOP standards.
- These valves are normally used for flow rate control in hydraulic circuit branches and for speed control of hydraulic actuators.
- Flow rate can be modulated continuously in proportion to the current
- The valve can be controlled directly by a current control supply unit or by means of the relative electronic control units which enable optimal
- The valves are available in four flow control ranges: three with progressive gain up to 60 l/min and the fourth with differential gain of
- To ensure correct valve operation, maintain a minimum pilot control flow rate of 2 l/min and minimum pressure of 20 bar.
- Pilot control can be internal, with intake of oil from line E, or external from a line with 1/4" BSP connection on the pilot body.
- Drainage is always external and must be connected directly to the tank without backpressure by means of subplate connection Y (OR ø 35) or by means of a line (1/4" BSP coupling) on the pilot body.
- The three-way version RPCE2-\*-T3 allows flow control to the circuit by dumping the exceeding flow to the tank. Maximum pressure in the circuit is limited by means of a manual adjustment relief valve which
- RPCE2-\*-T3 valve is also available in /M version, which allows, by means of an electric control, to unload the total flow with a minimum

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOLS

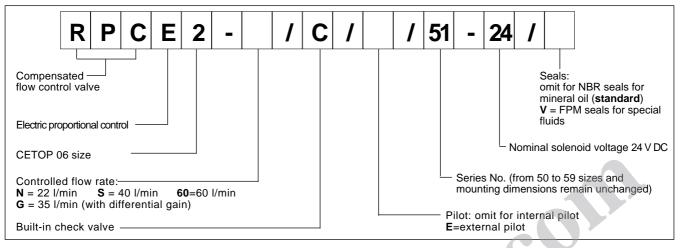




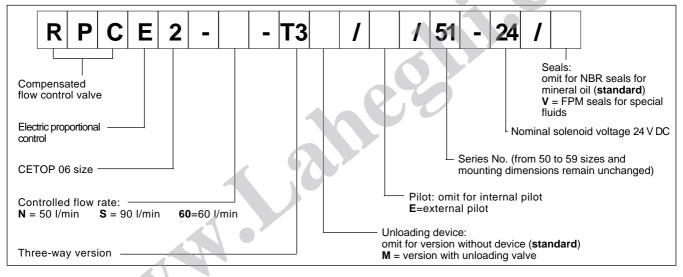


#### **1 - IDENTIFICATION CODES**

#### 1.1 - Identification code for two-way valve: RPCE2



#### 1.2 - Identification code for three-way valve: RPCE2-\*-T3



#### SPECIFICATIONS (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C in conjunction with UEIK-11 electronic control unit)

Maximum working pressure		bar	250
Minimum $\Delta p$ across E and U ports		bar	10
Piloting pressures	min.	bar	20
5	max.	bar	160 (note 1)
Maximum controlled flow $E \rightarrow U$ (RPCE2)		l/min.	22 - 35 - 40 - 60
Maximum controlled flow (R		l/min.	50 - 60 - 90
Minimum controlled flow with I	P = 100  bar (versions N, S, 60)	l/min. l/min.	0,5
	(version G)		0,2
Maximum free reverse flow $U \rightarrow E$		l/min.	60 (note 2)
Step response		see par. 8	
Hysteresis		% of Q max	< 8%
Repeatability		% of Q max	< ±3%
Electrical features		see par. 7	
Ambient temperature rang	е	°C	-10 ÷ +50
Fluid temperature range		°C	-20 ÷ +70
Fluid viscosity range		cSt	13 ÷ 380
Recommended viscosity		cSt	25
Fluid contamination degree		according to NAS 1638 class 7	
Mass	RPCE2 RPCE2-*-T3	kg	7,2
	RPCE2-*-T3M	kg	9,0

NOTE 1: Pilot must be external if the valve id used with line pressure over 160 bar.

NOTE 2: Maximum recommended flow  $U \rightarrow E$  through the check valve (only for two-way version)



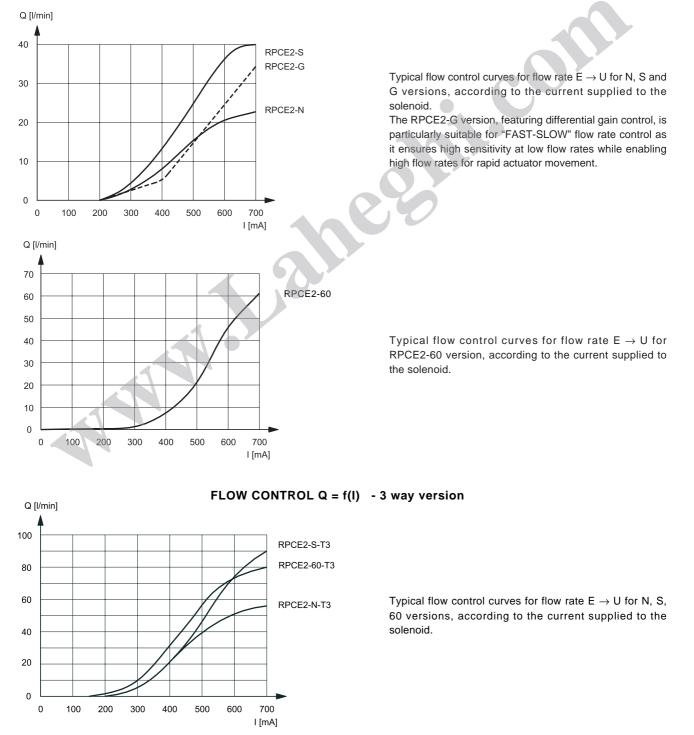
# RPCE2-\* SERIES 51

#### 3 - HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HLP type, according to ISO 6743/3. For fluids HFD-R type (phosphate esters) use FPM seals (code V). For the use of other fluid types as HFA, HFB, HFC, please consult our technical department.

Using fluids at temperatures higher than 70°C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

### 4 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (measured with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

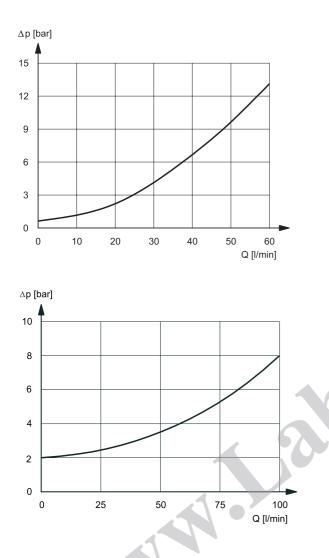


# FLOW CONTROL Q = f(I) - 2 way version





#### PRESSURE DROP $\Delta p = f(Q)$



### **5 - PRESSURE COMPENSATION**

The valves are equipped with two restrictors. The first is an opening which can be adjusted by the proportional solenoid; the second, controlled by the pressure upstream and downstream of the first restrictor ensures constant pressure drop across the adjustable restrictor. In these conditions, the set flow rate value is maintained constant within a tolerance range of  $\pm$  3% of the set flow rate for maximum pressure variation between the valve inlet and outlet chambers.

#### **6 - THERMAL COMPENSATION**

A temperature-sensitive device installed on the flow control element corrects the position and maintains the set flow rate virtually unchanged, also in the case of fluid viscosity variation.

Flow rate variation remains within 2,5% of the set flow rate, for a fluid temperature variation of  $10^{\circ}$ C.

Pressure drops with free flow  $~U \rightarrow E$  through check valve (only for two-way RPCE2 valve).

Pressure drops  $E \rightarrow T$  (only for three-way versions)

Curve obtained with unloading electrical control (RPCE2-\*-T3M)



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#### 7 - ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Proportional solenoid

The proportional solenoid comprises two parts: tube and coil.

The tube, screwed to the valve body, contains the armature which is designed to maintain friction to a minimum thereby reducing hysteresis.

The coil is mounted on the tube secured by means of a lock nut and can be rotated through 360° depending on installation clearances.

NOMINAL VOLT	AGE	V DC 20	
COIL RESISTANCE (at 20°C)		Ω	18,5
CURRENT	nominal maximum	А	0,7 0,82
DUTY CYCLE		100%	
ELECTROMAGI (EMC) - EMISSIONS - IMMUNITY	EN 50081-1 EN 50082-2	in compliance with 89/336 EEC	
PROTECTION TO ATMOSPHERIC AGENTS (according to IEC 144 standards)			IP 65

8 - STEP RESPONSE (with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C in conjunction with UEIK-11 electronic control unit)

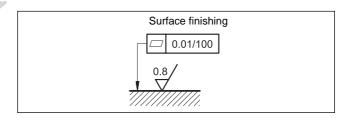
Step response is the time taken for the valve to reach 90% of the set pressure value following a step change of reference signal. The table shows typical response times measured with valves "S" (40 l/min) and with an input pressure of 100 bar.

REFERENCE SIGNAL STEP	0→100%	100%→0	25→75%	75→25%
Step response [ms]	250	120	110	90

#### 9 - INSTALLATION

The RPCE2 valve, both two-way or three-way versions, can be installed in any position without impairing correct operation. Ensure that there is no air in the hydraulic circuit.

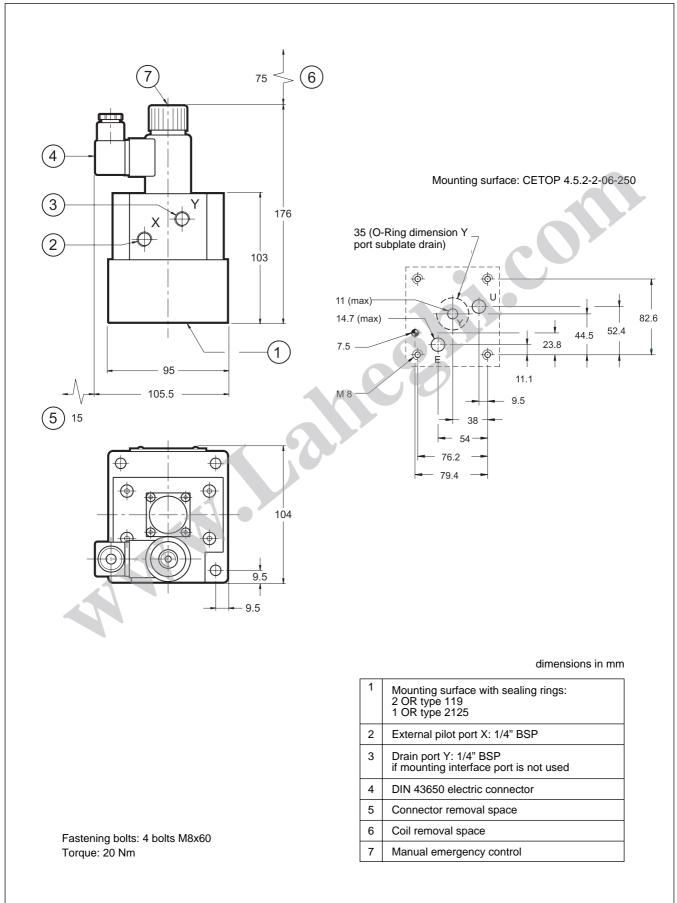
Valves are fixed by means of screws or tie rods on a flat surface with planarity and roughness equal to or better than those indicated in the relative symbols. If minimum values are not observed fluid can easily leak between the valve and support surface.







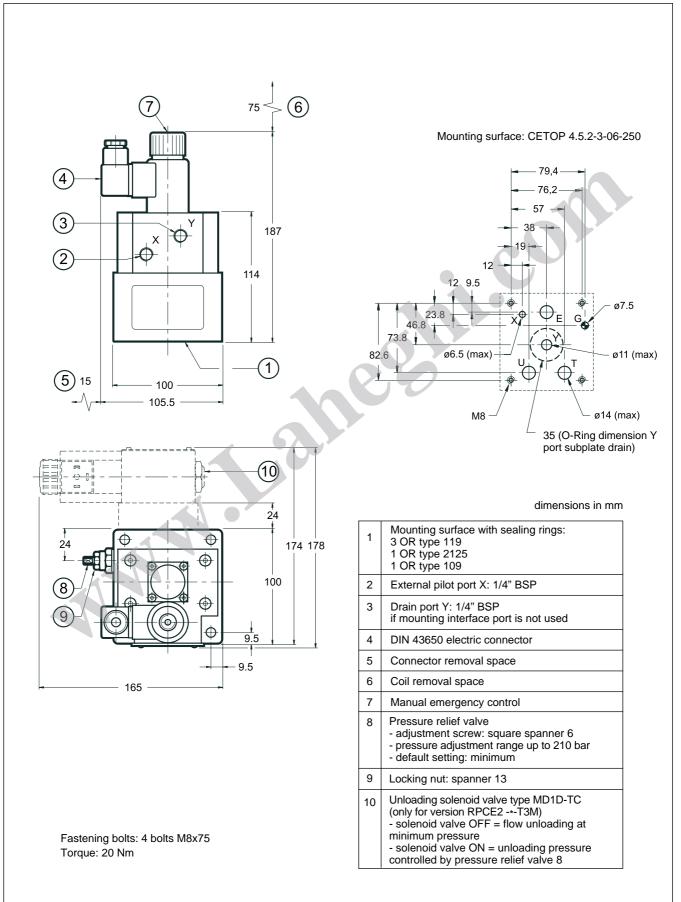
## 10 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSION TWO-WAY VALVE RPCE2







## 11 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS THREE-WAY VALVES RPCE2-\*-T3 and RPCE2-\*-T3M







#### **12 - ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNITS**

EPC-111 plug versio	n	(see cat. 89 110)
EPA-M111 rail mountir	ng DIN EN 50022	(see cat. 89 220)
UEIK-11 Eurocard fo	ormat	(see cat. 89 300)

#### 13 - SUBPLATES (see catalogue 51 000)

NOTE: The valve must have the Y drain with external pipe when using the subplates listed below.

	Two-way version RPCE2	Three-way version RPCE2-*-T3		
Туре	PMRPC2-AI4G rear ports	PMRPCQ2-AI4G rear ports		
E, U, T ports threading	1/2" BSP	1/2" BSP		
X port threading	-	1/4" BSP		



#### DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA SpA

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